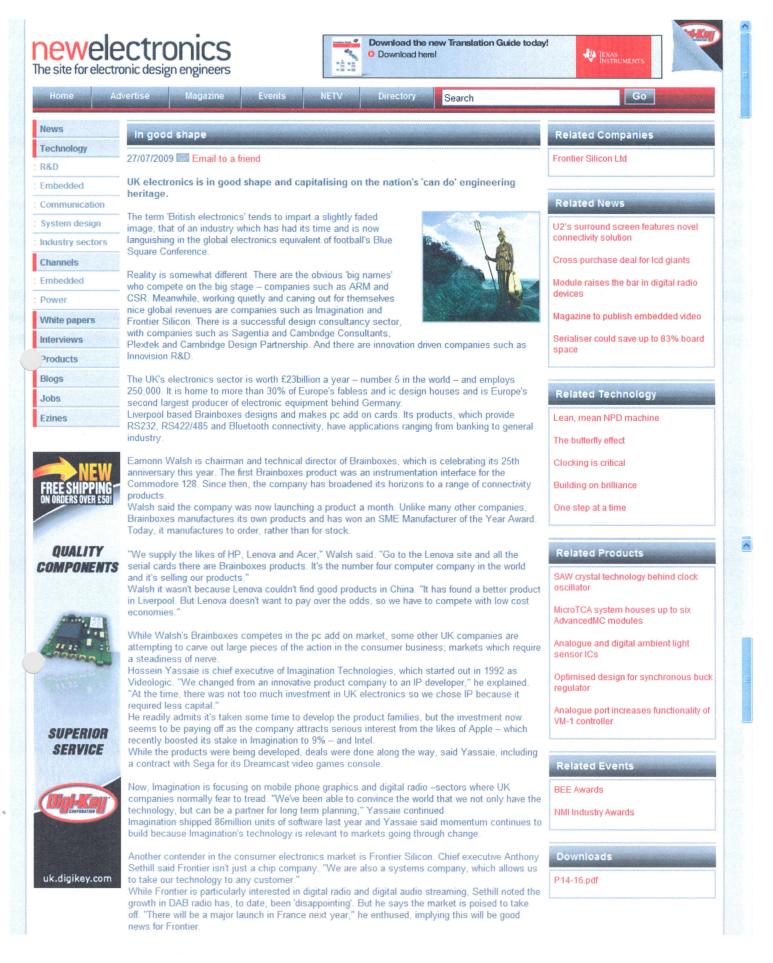
# New Electronics – 27<sup>th</sup> July 2009



to managing director Colin Smithers: "The UK has a culture of design. It's as strong -- perhaps stronger -- than other places and this flows from the strong base that has been developed over the last three or four decades."

The problem with which Smithers wrestles is experience. "It has always been a problem getting people and it's getting harder. We are having to 'home grow' more than ever because we need skills that aren't endowed when people leave university."

He says that, while components change and things get smaller, the same problems remain; and top of the list, in his view, is ernc. "It catches people out all the time in communications product design. The digital parts interfere with the analogue side and engineers always find that out later in the day. It's been true for the 25 years live been in the business."

Experience is, therefore, a valuable asset. "A young engineer who hasn't burned his fingers will use the 'latest and greatest' chip and the project will be late because the design is harder than anticipated, the tools aren't right and you can't get hold of the chips.

"It's like buying a kitchen," he contended. "You never get that right first time either!"

Smithers says the UK's design sector is regarded highly enough that it is a net exporter. "But we still rely on the Cambridge brand," he said, highlighting Plextek's proximity to the technology cluster.

## Why here?

"We're in the UK because of the engineering talent and creativity," said Yassaie. "UK engineers are very good at solving technical issues and some of the most successful consumer electronics companies have a lot of UK engineers on their staffs."

Sethill agreed. "UK design skills are excellent. People say there's a shortage – there is in the rf field – but the supply is reasonable, compared to Europe."

David Wollen, ceo of Innovision R&D, said it's the number of analogue and if design engineers and their quality that is attractive. "It's unsurpassed," he claimed. "Countries like China can't create 25 years of expertise in an engineer overnight."

But skills issues aren't the only factor that keeps companies such as Frontier and Imagination based in the UK. Sethill pointed out the end market for his company's products. "While all of our customers are based in Asia," he said, "the products they build will be consumed in the US and Europe. So our main product development is done in Cambridge, even though 40% of our employees are now based in the Far East."

Yassaie pointed to the expected boom in demand for digital radio. "The market was flat for four or five years and needed a kick, so we launched the Pure digital radio for £99 and it became clear that was the start of a long journey. And now the digital radio market is beginning to move outside of the UK."

Walsh said Brainboxes is in the UK for one very good reason: it makes all its products and couldn't survive if they were made elsewhere. "It's not just about design so it works," he said, "you have to design for manufacture. If you have everything under one roof, you soon find out if you can't."

His rationale is interesting. "Big companies won't give you an order before they have one, so it's all about us get products out quickly. We have a high product mix and we couldn't make them quickly if we were manufacturing, say, in China."

#### The downside

Despite the many good things, all contributors see some weaknesses. Walsh said education was his concern. "The Government needs to invest in skills – it's education, education, education. Have we got the skills we need? And we then need to encourage people at all levels that high tech offers fantastic opportunities."

Wollen pointed to a limited supply of engineers and added the UK isn't generating the right number of graduates.

Yassaie cited finance. "High tech in the UK is driven by start ups and nobody is putting money in any longer. If the Government is prepared to pump billions into banks, it should also be prepared to pump millions into the future of UK electronics."

Wollen had a similar view. "A lot of good companies aren't going to make it because they can't get the funding."

Sethill wondered whether enough engineers are being produced. "And are there sufficient rewards to attract the best talent? Investment banking has taken a lot of good scientists, so the industry needs more kudos."

Smithers worries about the drift to the Far East. "Design services are now beginning to move that way," he noted. "And it will be lethal at the national level to allow exclusive foreign ownership."

Walsh finished with a warning, picking up on the skills theme. "The best raw material in the world is between the ears and places like India are exploiting that. If we are not careful, the UK will be left behind."

"We don't have the big drivers – the Plesseys and the Marconis – any more," Wollen concluded. "We have to get companies in place, then interest will follow. If we could create a commitment to building a true systems company – something like an Apple – that would also pull through the companies needed to support that market. We need to make a conscious effort to create good companies, rather than wait for someone to build the right start up."

## Get a 'company knighthood'

Entries can now be made for the 2010 Queen's Awards for Enterprise. The Awards – regarded as equivalent to a 'company knighthood' – are open to UK businesses of all sizes and from any industry.

Business Secretary Lord Mandelson said: "The UK has some of the most enterprising companies in the world, from large multinationals to dynamic small businesses. The Queen's Awards exist to give national and international recognition to the achievements of those firms. A Queen's Award is the ultimate standard of business excellence, and something I believe all firms should aspire to." In April, 194 Awards were announced by HM The Queen. Amongst these were a variety of companies from the electronics sector.

A survey of last year's winners found that, in the first year alone, three quarters experienced extra press coverage; 82% saw an increase in employee engagement; and nearly two thirds of winners in the International Trade category either increased their recognition abroad or generated new business.

It costs nothing to enter and entry forms can be downloaded from www.queensawards.org.uk

### Last chance to enter!

Entries for the British Engineering Excellence Awards close on 31 July. If you haven't entered, there's still time to go to the website (click here) and fill in the online entry form.

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